

USER INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFRIGERATOR

Indesit Refrigerator Model TFAA 10 (UK)



Important safety and instructions

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These warnings are provided in the interests of your safety. Ensure that you understand them all before installing or using this appliance.

Installation

- This appliance is heavy. Care should be taken when moving it.
- It is dangerous to alter the specifications or attempt to modify this product in any way.
- Ensure that the appliance does not stand on the electrical supply cable.
- Any electrical work required to install this appliance should be carried out by a qualified electrician or competent person.
- Parts which heat up should not be exposed. Whenever possible, the back of the appliance should be close to a wall but leaving the required distance for ventilation as stated in the installation instructions.
- The appliance should be left for hours after installation before it is turned on, in order to allow the refrigerant to settle.

Child Safety

- Do not allow children to tamper with the controls or play with the product.

During Use

- This appliance is designed for domestic use only, specifically for the storage of edible foodstuffs only.
- Frozen food should not be refrozen once it has thawed out.
- Do not place carbonated or fizzy drinks in the freezer.
- Ice lollies can cause 'frost/freezer burns' if consumed straight from the freezer.
- Do not remove items from the freezer if your hands are damp/wet, as this could cause skin abrasions or frost/freezer burns.



Please read this instruction book carefully before use and retain for future reference.

Maintenance and Cleaning

- Switch off, and unplug the appliance before carrying out any cleaning or maintenance work.
- Do not use sharp instruments to scrape off frost or ice. (See defrosting instructions).

At the End of the Appliance Life

- When disposing of your appliance, use an authorised disposal site.
- Remove the plug and ensure that any locks or catches are removed, to prevent young children being trapped inside.

Disposal

- Observe local environmental standards when disposing packaging material for recycling purposes.
- The European Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), requires that old household electrical appliances must not be disposed of in the normal unsorted municipal waste stream. Old appliances must be collected separately in order to optimise the recovery and recycling of the materials they contain and reduce the impact on human health and the environment. The crossed out "wheeled bin" symbol on the product reminds you of your obligation, that when you dispose of the appliance it must be separately collected. Consumers should contact their local authority or retailer for information concerning the correct disposal of their old appliance.

Respecting and conserving the environment

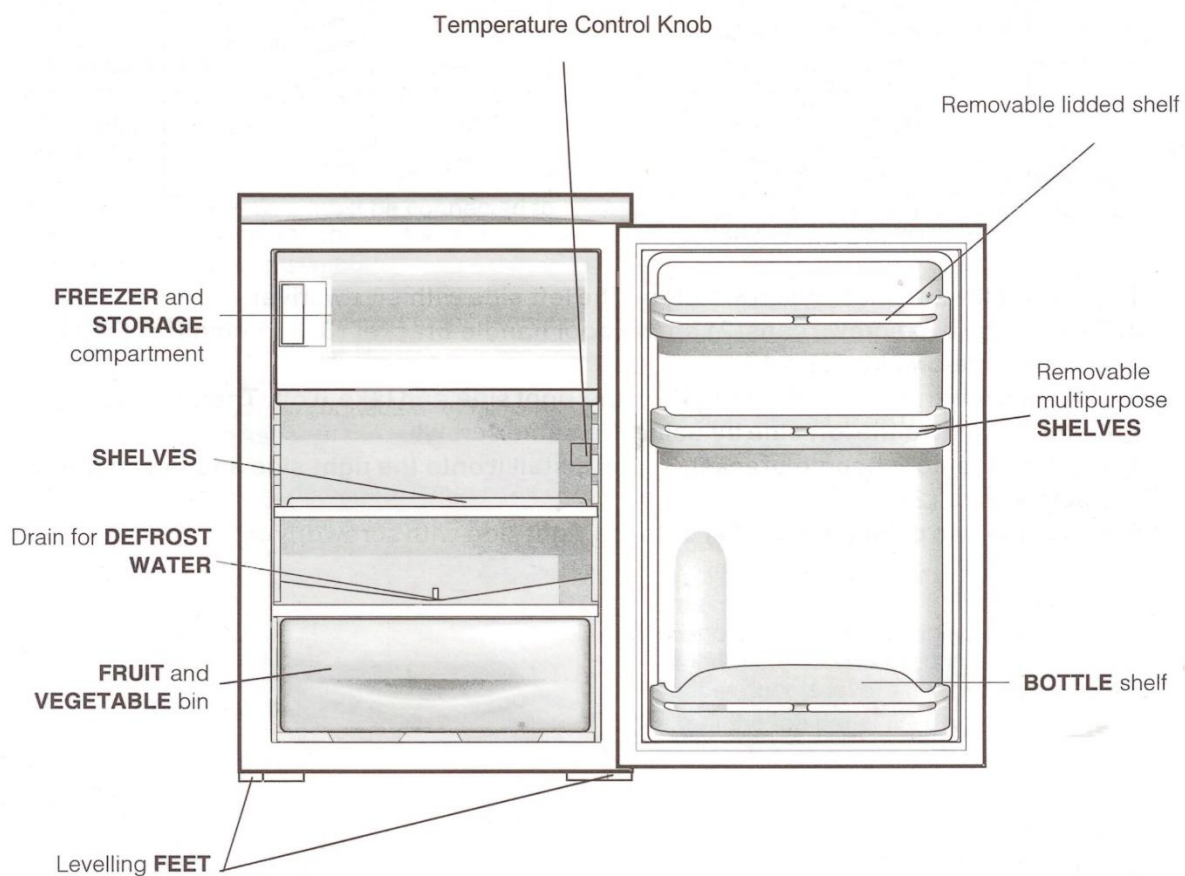
- Install the appliance in a fresh and well-ventilated room. Ensure that it is protected from direct sunlight and do not place it near heat sources.
- Try to avoid keeping the door open for long periods or opening the door too frequently in order to conserve energy.
- Do not fill the appliance with too much food: cold air must circulate freely for food to be preserved properly. If circulation is impeded, the compressor will work continuously.
- Do not place hot food directly into the refrigerator. The internal temperature will increase and force the compressor to work harder and will consume more energy.
- Defrost the appliance if ice forms (see Maintenance). A thick layer of ice makes cold transference to food products more difficult and results in increased energy consumption.

Description of the appliance

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Overall view

The instructions contained in this manual are applicable to different model refrigerators. The diagrams may not directly represent the appliance purchased. For more complex features, consult the following pages.





This appliance is designed for domestic use only, specifically for the storage of edible foodstuffs. This appliance is designed to operate in

ambient temperatures (surrounding air temperature) between 16°C (50 F) and 38°C

If these temperatures are exceeded i.e., colder or warmer, the appliance will not operate correctly. Should the ambient temperatures be exceeded for long periods, the temperature in the freezer section will rise above -18 C and food spoilage may occur.

Before use

Final checks before operating the appliance

1. Good air circulation around the appliance positioned.
2. The feet have been adjusted for perfect levelling.
3. Clean the compartment per recommendation in section "Care and Maintenance".
4. Plug in the appliance and interior light will come on when the door is open.



The compressor starts up and in operation may produce some background noise and it is normal. this is not a defect.

Using your appliance



1. Temperature adjustment

- The compartment temperature can be set by the temperature knob between "1" and "7" (coldest setting). We recommend setting the temperature knob midway first.
- To ensure the compartment is maintained at the desired temperature, it is advised to monitor the temperature periodically by a thermometer and adjust the temperature knob accordingly.
- Load the appliance after switch on for a while to allow the temperature reach the desired setting.

2. Storing fresh food

- Use the fridge compartment to store fresh food and drinks.
- Do not exceed the food capacity that the appliance able to handle.
- Do not put warm food to the appliance immediately as it may cause excessive cooling of the compartment.
- Set the temperature knob at medium position for storing fresh food.
- Do not mix already frozen food and fresh food.

3. Storing frozen food

- The freezer compartment is  4 Star rated and suitable for the freezing and storage of pre frozen food.
- Check the food packaging for  suggestion before storage.

Useful information

The following guidelines and recommendations are suggested to obtain the best results and storage hygiene.

- Frequent door openings can cause internal temperature rise so the door shall be closed as soon as possible after use.
- For hygiene reasons, it is always a good practise to pack, wrap and cover the food before storing.
- Use a polythene bag to store raw meat and place on the lowest shelf. Avoid contact with cooked food to prevent contamination. For safety reason, store raw meat for two to three days only.
- Cooked dishes must be stored in airtight covered containers.
- Food and beverages shall cool to room temperature before storing.
- Most vegetables should be blanched and chilled before freezing.
- Bottles can be placed in the door section.
- Some fruits and vegetables like pineapples, melons, tomatoes, and cucumbers shall be wrapped in polythene bags.
- Do not leave frozen food at room temperature to thaw. You could defrost the food by putting it in the fridge to thaw slowly. Make sure you avoid defrosting food or food juices drip onto other food.

Energy saving tips

- Place your fridge away from direct sunlight, your oven or any other heat sources. Allow 20 cm clear space on both sides and above, and at least 5 cm behind.
- Cover all food stored, and arrange it so that cold air can circulate freely.
- Higher cold setting will use more energy. Do not set to maximum cold if it is not necessary.
- Cool the hot/warm food to room temperature before put them into your fridge.
- Frequently open and close door would cause internal temperature rise and it will consume more energy.
- Close the door(s) properly, and make sure the seals and hinges are airtight. Check the seals by putting a sheet of paper between the door and the main body of the fridge. If the paper moves, your seals need replacing.
- Defrost regularly if your refrigerator is not a frost-free or cyclic defrost model. Accumulated ice layer should not be more than 5 mm thick.
- The pre-set combination of drawers, baskets and shelves have already set in the most efficient use of this product.

Defrosting

- The appliance require defrosting once or twice a year when ice layer thickness reaches 5~10mm. Unplug the appliance from the mains before defrosting.
- Remove all frozen food from the freezer and roll it firmly in newspapers. Put it into a container in a cool place for temporary storage.
- Use an ice scraper (not provided) or similar tool to remove the ice layer. This process can be speed up by placing a pot of warm water inside the freezer.
- Empty the defrosting water and clean the freezer.
- Turn on the freezer and set to maximum temperature. Refill the frozen food to freezer.
- This process should be completed within 2 hours.

General

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Important: Always unplug the appliance from the power socket during cleaning and maintenance.

- Never use any sharp instruments or abrasive substances, soap, household cleaner, detergent or wax polish for cleaning.
- Use luke warm water to clean the cabinet of the appliance and wipe it dry.
- Never clean the appliance with flammable fluids. It could cause a damage and fire hazard.
- Clean the exterior of the appliance and door seal with a damp cloth and dry it through.
- Avoid water goes in the temperature control box. Clean with a dry cloth only.
- Clean the condenser (located at the back of the appliance) with a vacuum cleaner. It is suggested to remove the dust every year.
- Shelves are all removable for cleaning purpose.



Important: Care must be taken while cleaning/carrying the appliance not to touch the bottom of the condenser metal wires at the back of the appliance, as this could cause injury to fingers and hands.

Light bulb replacement

If the light bulb needs to be replaced, please contact the Technical Assistance Service.

Power failure

In case there is a power failure, you should contact the electricity supply company and take the following actions:

If it is last within 24 hours, keep the doors closed. This will allow the stored food to stay cold as long as possible.

If it is last more than 24 hours, it is advised to empty the freezer compartment and temporarily store the food in a portable freezer or using artificial ice packs. Try to use up the food which is more easily perishable.

Remarks: Full appliance will stay cold longer than a partially filled one.

If ice crystals are still visible on the food, it may be frozen again, although flavour and aroma may be affected. If food is found to be in a poor condition, it is best to throw it away.

Precautions and tips

! The appliance was designed and manufactured in compliance with international safety standards. The following warnings are provided for safety reasons and must be read carefully.

This appliance complies with the following Community Directives: - 73/23/EEC of 19/02/73 (Low Voltage) and subsequent amendments; - 89/336/EEC of 03.05.89 (Electromagnetic Compatibility) and subsequent amendments; - 2002/96/CE.

